## Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2015 File Structures

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

a. Briefly explain History of file structure design.

- (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the sector based data organization in magnetic Disk with a neat diagram.
  - (08 Marks)
- c. Explain the organization of data on Nine Track Tapes with a neat diagram.
- (06 Marks)
- a. Define Field and Record. Explain the different methods for organizing fields and records of 2 a file, with examples. (12 Marks)
  - b. Define RRN (Relative Record Number), Explain how does it support direct access with example. (06 Marks)
  - Distinguish between File access and File organization.

- (02 Marks)
- What is redundancy reduction? Explain how Run Length Encoding helps in redundancy reduction with an example. (06 Marks)
  - b. Explain How space can be reclaimed in files, using record deletion and storage compaction technique. (06 Marks)
  - c. Write an algorithm for searching a record from a file using (i) Binary search
    - (ii) Sequential search.

(06 Marks)

d. Define Indexing and its significance in File structures.

- (02 Marks)
- What is co sequential processing and what are assumptions and components of the model? (08 Marks)
  - Explain the object oriented model for implementing Co-Sequential process.
    - (06 Marks)

Explain the K – Way merge algorithm with an example.

(06 Marks)

## PART - B

- a. What are the two major drawbacks with binary search to search a simple sorted index on 5 secondary storage. (02 Marks)
  - b. Define B Tree. Show the B Tree of oder 4 (four) that result from loading the following sets of keys in order. i] CGJXNSUOAEBHIF ii] CSDAMPIBWNGURKE (08 Marks)
  - c. With example explain the following operations in B Tree, with example.
    - i) Deletion
- ii) Merging iii) Redistribution.

- (10 Marks)
- What is indexed sequential access? Explain the Block splitting and merging due to insertion and deletion in sequence set with example. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the internal structure of index set blocks.

- (10 Marks)
- Define Hashing? Discuss the various collision resolution techniques with example to avoid (10 Marks) collision.
  - Suppose that 10,000 addresses are allocated to hold 8000 records in a randomly hashed file and that each address can hold one record. Compute the following values.
    - i) The packing density for the file
    - ii) The expected number of address with no records assigned to them by the hash function.
    - iii) The expected number of addresses with one record assigned.
    - iv) The expected number of overflow records.

(10 Marks)

- Write short notes on the following:
  - i) Dynamic Hashing ii) Linear Hashing iii) Extendible Hashing.
- (12 Marks)

b. Explain, How does Extendible Hashing works?

(08 Marks)

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank p